

VIBRATION ANALYSIS & CONDITION MONITORING

COURSE OUTLINE 2025

Contact Us On:

Tel:+971 7 2042072 |

Email: training@maestrouae.net

Website: www.maestrouae.net

TRAINING TITLE

VIBRATION ANALYSIS & CONDITION MONITORING

VENUE

Dubai, UAE

DURATION

5 Days

DATES

20 - 24 January 2025

PRICE

\$5,250 per attendee including training material/handouts, morning/afternoon coffee breaks and Lunch.

TRAINING INTRODUCTION

This course provides a detailed examination of the detection, location and diagnosis of faults in rotating and reciprocating machinery using vibration analysis. The basics and underlying physics of vibration signals are first examined. The acquisition and processing of signals is then reviewed followed by a discussion of machinery fault diagnosis using vibration analysis. The course is concluded by a review of the other techniques of predictive maintenance such as oil and particle analysis, ultrasound and infrared thermography with an introduction to automated machine condition monitoring.

TRAINING OBJECTIVES

Upon completing this course, participants will be able to:

- Understand the basics of vibration measurement
- Demonstrate the basics of signal analysis
- Understand measurement and the characteristics of vibration signals
- Understand how to use Data Acquisition Equipment for vibration signals
- Apply vibration analysis for different machinery faults
- Apply specific techniques for pumps, compressors, engines, turbines and motors
- Apply vibration based fault detection and diagnostic techniques
- Diagnose machinery related problems with vibration analysis techniques
- Apply advanced signal processing techniques and tools to Vibration analysis
- Detect, locate and diagnose faults in rotating and reciprocating machinery using vibration analysis techniques

- Identify conditions of resonance and be able to rectify these problems
- Understand the basic advantages of allied predictive techniques such as oil analysis, thermography, ultrasonics and performance evaluation

TRAINING AUDIENCE

Engineers, engineering supervisors and managers responsible for designing or qualifying mechanical components, equipment, piping and structures subjected to dynamic forces; those responsible for auditing, reviewing, or approving shock and vibration analysis tasks. Those with a few years of experience in vibration analysis as well as those who are new to the area will benefit.

TRAINING OUTLINE

Introduction

- Definition of Machinery Monitoring, Fault Diagnostics and Failure
- Maintenance Strategies and their application (pros and cons)
- Principles of Predictive Maintenance (including specific tasks)
- Periodic Monitoring versus Continuous Monitoring
- Various Techniques of Predictive Maintenance
- Vibration Analysis as a Key Technique

Part 1 THEORY: INTRODUCTION TO VIBRATION ANALYSIS

Chapter 1 introduction

Chapter 2 vibration analysis applications

Chapter 3 vibration analysis overview

Theoretical vibration profiles

Actual vibration profiles

Time domain

Vibration measuring equipment

Transducer

Portable vibration analyzer

Chapter 4

Vibration sources

Rotating machinery

Rotor imbalance

Flow instability and operating conditions

Mechanical motion and forces Reciprocating and/or linear-motion machinery Sources of vibration Chapter 5 Vibration theory Periodic motion Harmonic motion Measurable parameters Frequency Amplitude Maximum Vibration Measurement Displacement Velocity Acceleration Measurement Classifications **Broadband or Overall** Narrowband Component Common Elements of Curves Peak-to-Peak Zero-to-Peak Root-Mean-Square VIBRATION DATA TYPES AND FORMATS **ANALYSIS TECHNIQUES TRENDING Broadband** Narrowband Industrial Reference Data Vibration monitoring overview MACHINE-TRAIN MONITORING PARAMETERS TRENDING ANALYSIS

```
Part 2 Machine vibration
```

Machine history

Machine characteristics

Data acquisition

Vibration amplitude versus frequency analysis

Importance of tri-axial reading

The machine sketch

Machinery vibration signature

Supporting information

Obtaining amplitude versus frequency data

Waterfall diagram

Amplitude/phase versus machine rpm

Data interpretation

Identifying the type of rotor unbalance

Determining machinery condition

Controlling normal vibration

Controlling radiated noise

Special techniques for monitoring bearing condition

Vibration due to plane (journal) bearings

Oil whirl

Dry whirl

Vibration due to resonance

Turbomachinery problems

Friction induced (hysteresis) whirl

Aerodynamic cross coupling

Surging

Choking (stone-walling)

Vibration problems with specific machinery types

Centrifugal pumps

Hydraulic forces

Cavitation

Re-circulation

Vibration of reciprocating machines

Part 3 Non-Vibration Based Techniques

- Costs versus Benefits
- Visual Monitoring
- Performance Monitoring
- Oil Quality Analysis
- Wear Particle Analysis
- Acoustic Emission
- Thermography (thermal imaging)

TRAINING CERTIFICATE

MAESTRO CONSULTANTS Certificate of Completion for delegates who attend and complete the training course

METHODOLOGY

Our courses are highly interactive, typically taking a case study approach that we have found to be an effective method of fostering discussions and transferring knowledge. Participants will learn by active participation during the program through the use of individual exercises, questionnaires, team exercises, training videos and discussions of "real life" issues in their organizations.

The material has been designed to enable delegates to apply all of the material with immediate effect back in the workplace.